

Due: Friday, 11 February 2011

Submission: Turn in a printed or neatly written copy of your work at the beginning of class.

1. Convert each of the following positive integers (in binary notation) to the equivalent base ten (decimal) representation. Show your work.

(a) 110011

(b) 101110

2. Convert each of the following integers (in decimal notation) to the equivalent binary representation. Show your work. Leading zeros may be omitted.

(a) 17

(b) 72

3. Perform the following binary addition, showing your work and giving the result in binary notation.

$$\begin{array}{r} 1110101 \\ + 0110101 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

4. Perform the following binary multiplication, showing your work and giving the result in binary notation.

$$\begin{array}{r} 011 \\ \times 101 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

5. Write a *brief* message, encoded in ASCII (i.e., each character in the message should be given by the decimal representation of the associated ASCII character code). Your message should be meaningful (as opposed to random characters), and it should include both upper- and lower-case letters, punctuation, and either numeric digits or other symbols. One place you can find the ASCII table is http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/ASCII#ASCII_printable_characters
6. Give a Linux shell command that changes the permissions of your current directory so that you, the group, and everyone else can read a file they have permission to read in the directory, but prevents anyone from getting a listing of the directory. For example, if `lab2` had such permissions you might see the following:

```
$ cd lab2
$ ls .
ls: cannot open directory .: Permission denied
$ head ./faculty.txt
Adelberg, Arnold Math
Ainsworth, David English
...
```

Note: This exercise may require some experimentation. I strongly suggest you use your `lab2` directory or a temporary directory. Do not change the permissions on your home directory, which is typically your default working directory.